

# $\text{Si}_3\text{N}_4$ Ceramic Composite with the addition of MWCNTs

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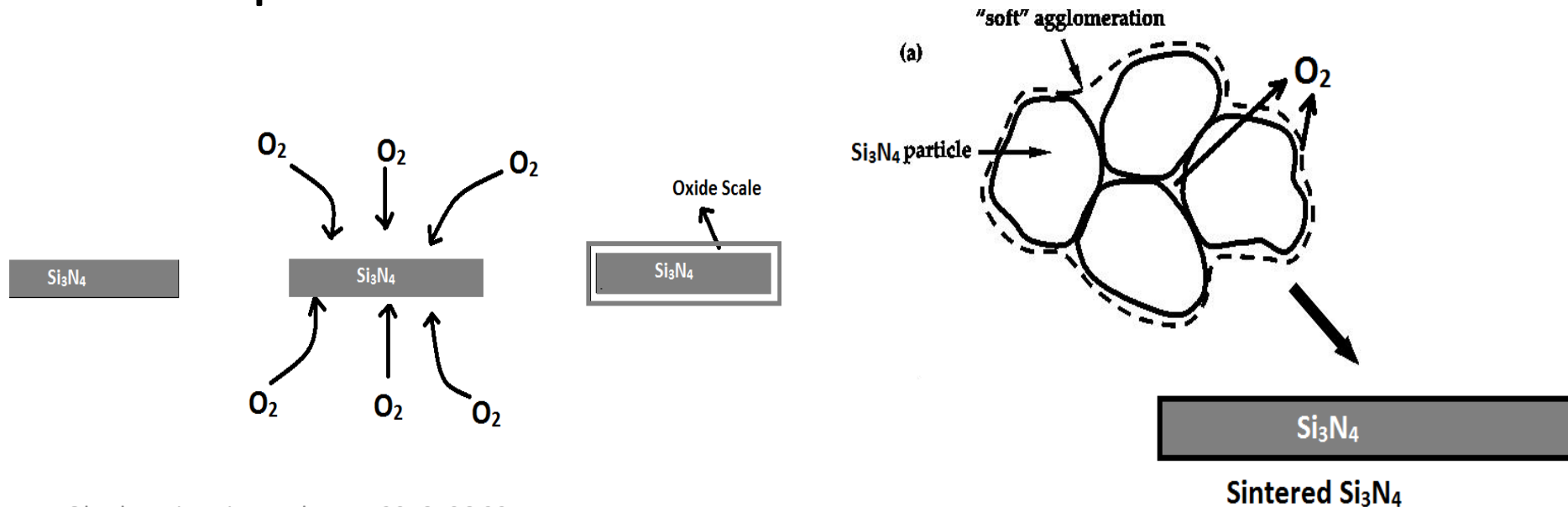
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# Aim of work

- To study the effect of oxidized  $\text{Si}_3\text{N}_4$  powder particles on the mechanical properties of hot isostatic pressed  $\text{Si}_3\text{N}_4$ -CNTs/Graphene composite material.



# Plans Accomplished

## 1<sup>st</sup> Semester

Si <sub>3</sub> N <sub>4</sub>	
1434	Si <sub>3</sub> N <sub>4</sub> (Ref.)
1435	Si <sub>3</sub> N <sub>4</sub> (10 hrs Oxidized)
1436	Si <sub>3</sub> N <sub>4</sub> (20 hrs Oxidized)

## 2<sup>nd</sup> Semester

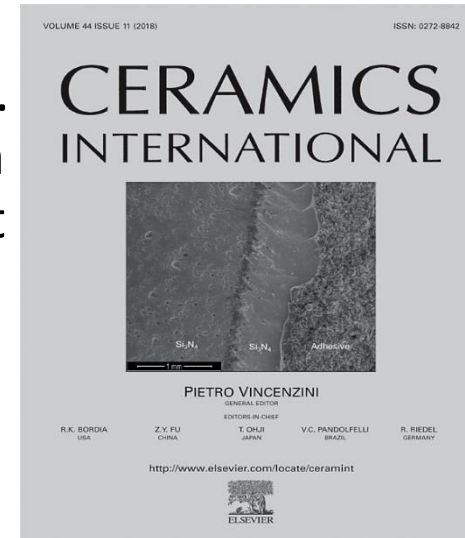
Addition of 1% CNTs and 2% Graphene	
1459	Si <sub>3</sub> N <sub>4</sub> - 1% CNTs – 2% Graphene (Ref.)
1460	Si <sub>3</sub> N <sub>4</sub> (10 hrs oxidized) – 1% CNTs – 2% Graphene
1461	Si <sub>3</sub> N <sub>4</sub> (20 hrs oxidized) – 1% CNTs – 2% Graphene
Addition of 3% CNTs	
1462	Si <sub>3</sub> N <sub>4</sub> – 3% CNTs (Ref.)
1463	Si <sub>3</sub> N <sub>4</sub> (10 hrs oxidized) – 3% CNTs
1464	Si <sub>3</sub> N <sub>4</sub> (20 hrs Oxidized) – 3% CNTs
Addition of 3 wt.% Graphene	
1468	Si <sub>3</sub> N <sub>4</sub> – 3% Graphene (Ref.)
1469	Si <sub>3</sub> N <sub>4</sub> (10 hrs Oxidized) – 3% Graphene
1470	Si <sub>3</sub> N <sub>4</sub> (20 hrs oxidized) – 3% Graphene

# Progress Report 2017-2018

- **A. Qadir, Z. Fogarassy, Z. E. Horváth, K. Balazsi, and C. Balazsi, “Effect of the oxidization of Si<sub>3</sub>N<sub>4</sub> powder on the microstructural and mechanical properties of hot isostatic pressed silicon nitride,” *Ceramics International*, vol. 44, no. 12, pp. 14601–14609, Aug. 2018. (Impact Factor 2.986).**

<https://doi.org/10.1016/j.ceramint.2018.05.081>

- **Awais Qadir; Katalin Balazsi; Csaba Balazsi: Fabrication of silicon nitride/MWCNTs composite from oxidized  $\alpha$ -Si<sub>3</sub>N<sub>4</sub> starting powder by hot isostatic pressing technique, *Materials Technology*, June 2018 (to be submitted) (Impact Factor 1.23).**



# Participation in Conferences 2017-2018

**FEMS Junior Euromat 2018**  
The Main Event for Young Materials Scientists



July 8-12, 2018  
Budapest, Hungary



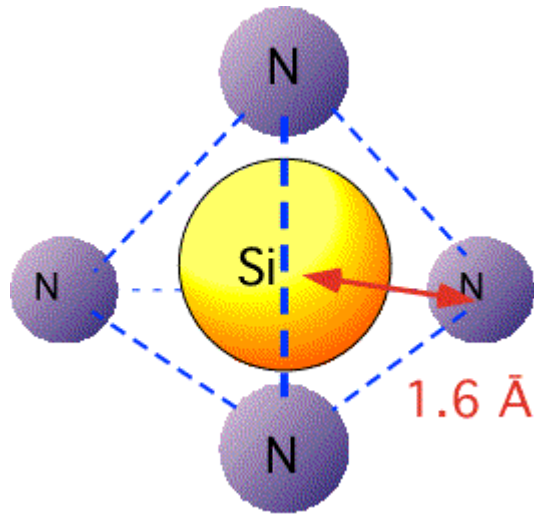
**IAEA**  
International Atomic Energy Agency



- Junior EuroMat Conference 2018, Budapest
- **Fine Ceramics Day 2018, Budapest**
- Attended **Hungarian Microscopic Conference 2017** in Siofok, Hungary
- Poster Presentation in **ECerS 2017, 15th Conference & Exhibition of the European Ceramic Society, 2017**
- Poster Presentation **International Conference Deformation and Fracture in PM Materials, High Tatras, 2017. Oct.22-25.**
- Poster Presentation in **Joint ICTP-IAEA Workshop on Fundamentals of Vitrification and Vitreous Materials for Nuclear Waste Immobilization, The Abdus Salam Centre for Theoretical Physics (ICTP), Trieste Italy. Nov. 06 -10, 2017.**
- Oral Presentation **“17<sup>th</sup> PhD Students Materials Science Day”, University of Pannon, Veszprem, Hungary, Dec. 4. 2017**
- Doctoral Summer School at **Károly Róbert University, August 2017**

# Silicon nitride

- Silicon nitride ( $\text{Si}_3\text{N}_4$ ) based ceramics are gaining more attention due to their promising high-temperature thermal and mechanical properties.
- Three crystallographic structures of silicon nitride ( $\text{Si}_3\text{N}_4$ ),  $\alpha$ ,  $\beta$  and  $\gamma$  phases.



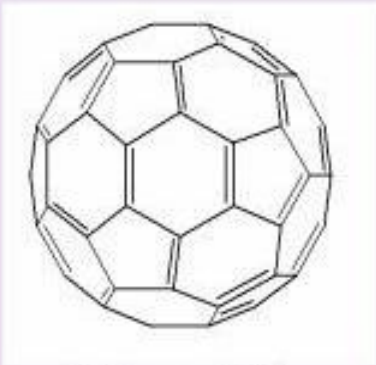
# CNTs vs Graphene

## Carbon Nanotubes (CNTs)

- Allotrope of carbon
- hollow, cylindrical structures, a sheet of graphene rolled into a cylinder.
- high thermal conductivity, electron mobility, and chemical reactivity

## Graphene

- Allotrope of carbon
- 2D material, a single layer of graphite, with carbon atoms arranged in a hexagonal, honeycomb lattice.
- high thermal conductivity, electron mobility, and chemical reactivity



**Fullerene (0D)**

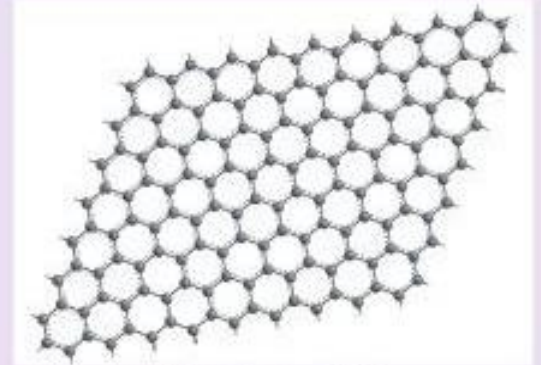
Smalley *et al.* (1985)

Nobel Prize (1996)



**Carbon nanotubes (1D)**

Iijima *et al.* (1991)



**Graphene (2D)**

Geim *et al.* (2004)

Nobel prize (2010)

# Base Powders

1

$\alpha\text{-Si}_3\text{N}_4$   
Powder

2

$\alpha\text{-Si}_3\text{N}_4$   
Powder



Oxidation  
at 1000 ° C  
for 10 hrs

3

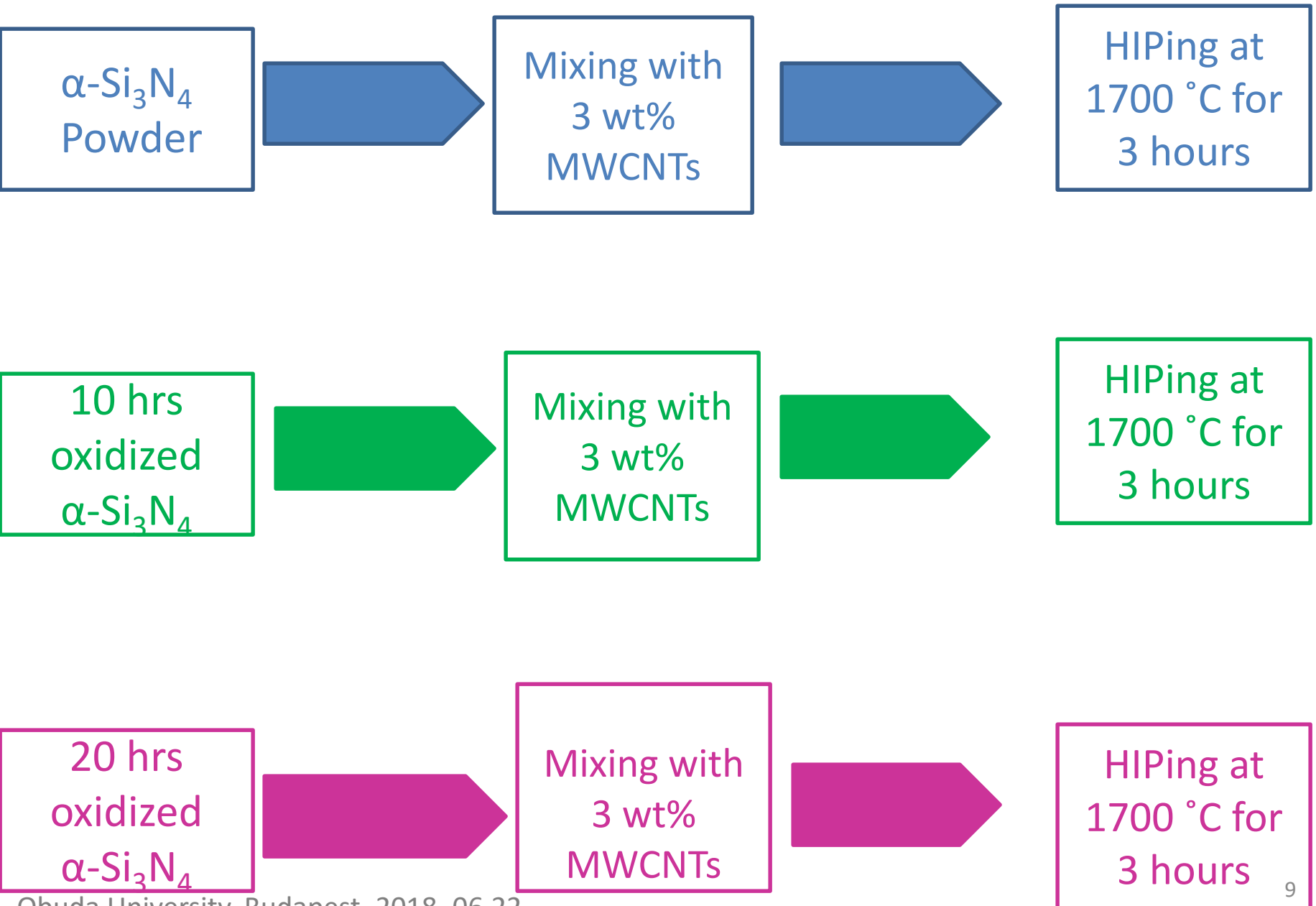
$\alpha\text{-Si}_3\text{N}_4$   
Powder



Oxidation  
at 1000 ° C  
for 20 hrs

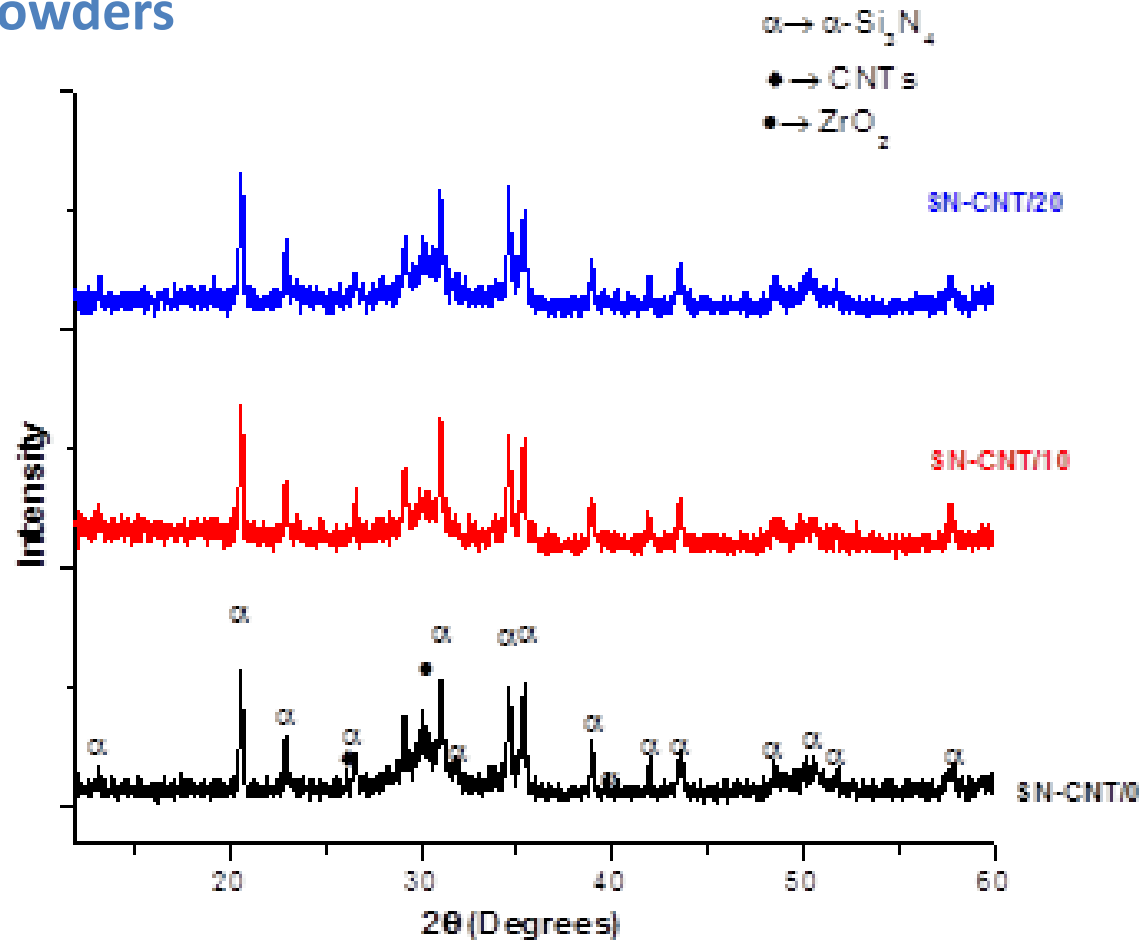


# Materials Preparation



# Characterization of samples

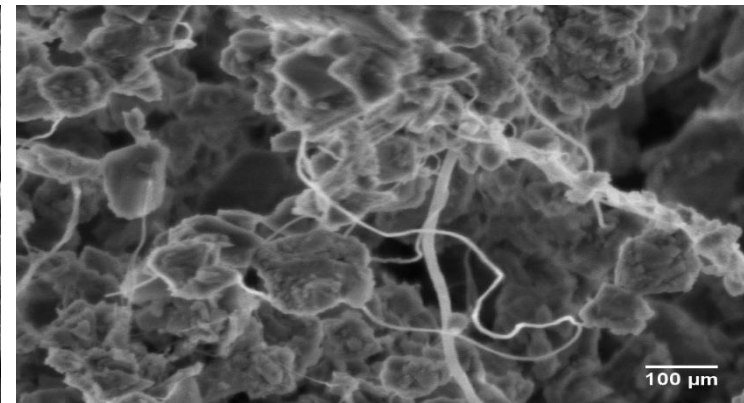
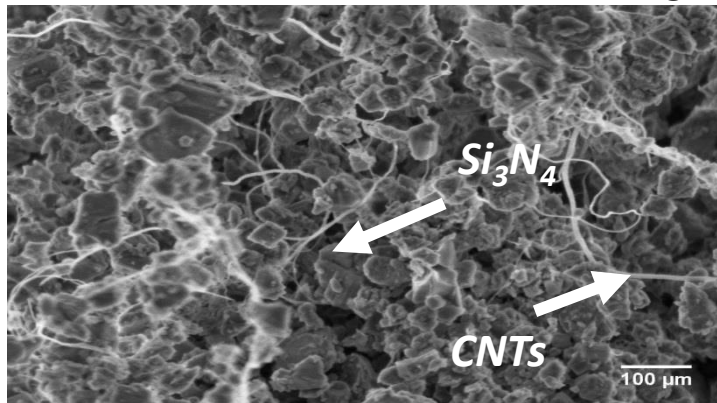
## XRD of $\text{Si}_3\text{N}_4$ -3% MWCNTs Powders



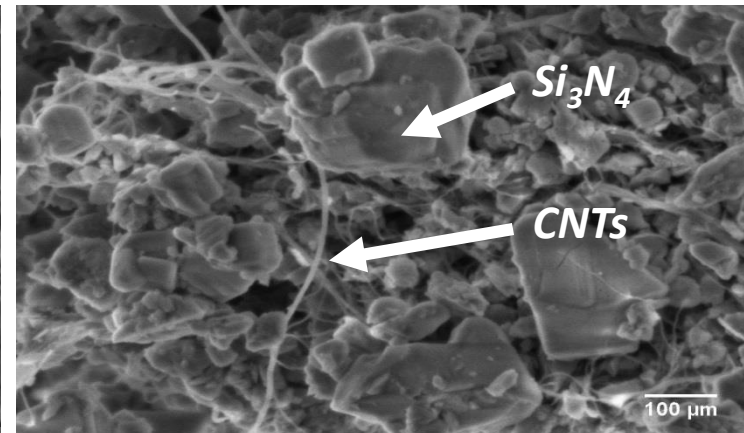
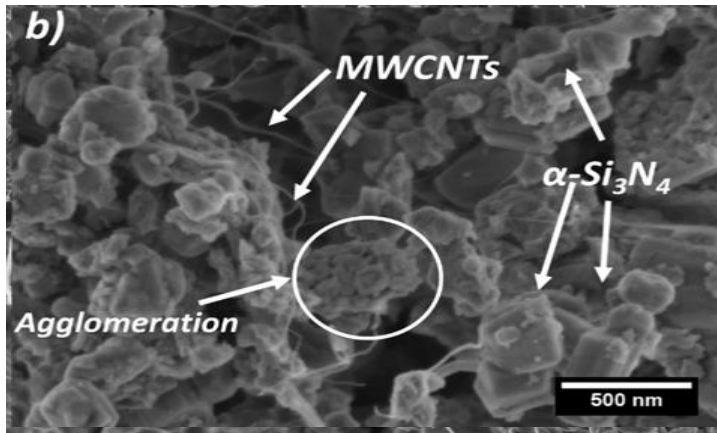
JCPDS PDF (01-076-1407), (00-33-1160), (00-47-1627) and (00-83-0944)

# Morphological Study of $\text{Si}_3\text{N}_4$ -3% MWCNTs

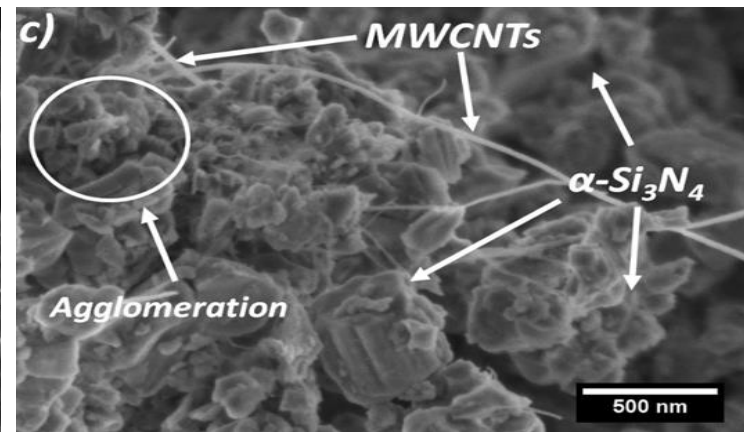
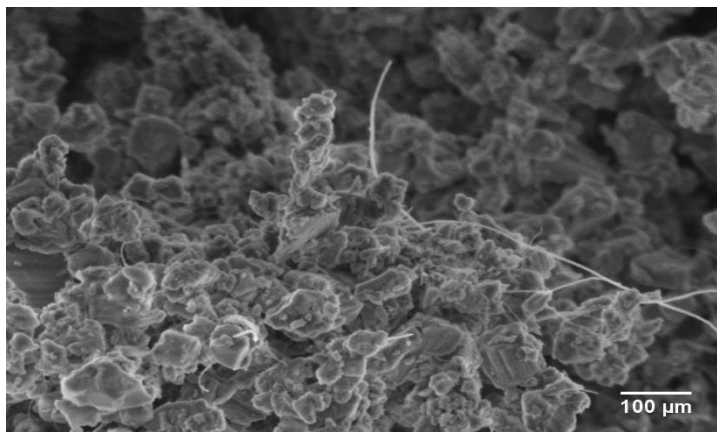
Unoxidized  
(Ref.)



10 hrs  
oxidized

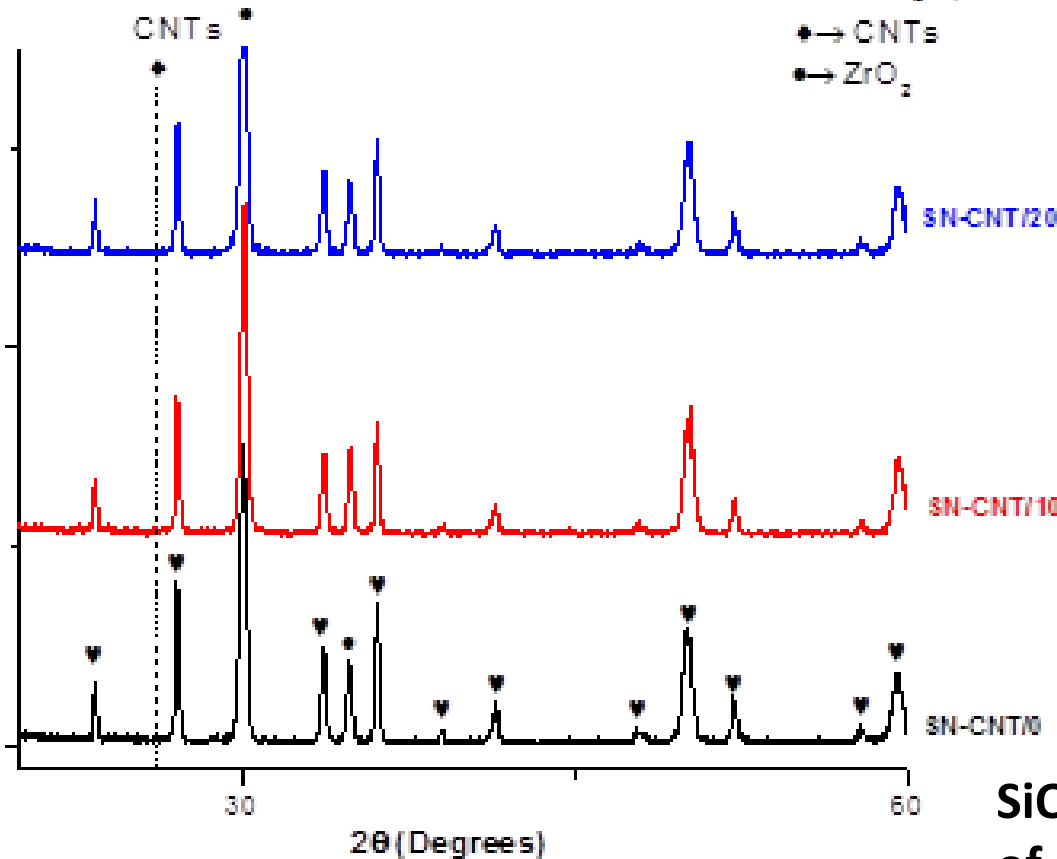


20 hrs  
oxidized



# XRD after Sintering

- ▼ →  $\beta$ - $\text{Si}_3\text{N}_4$
- ◆ → CNTs
- →  $\text{ZrO}_2$



$\text{SiO}_2$  was consumed in the oxidation of CNTs



# Flexural Strength

## 4- Points Bending Strength

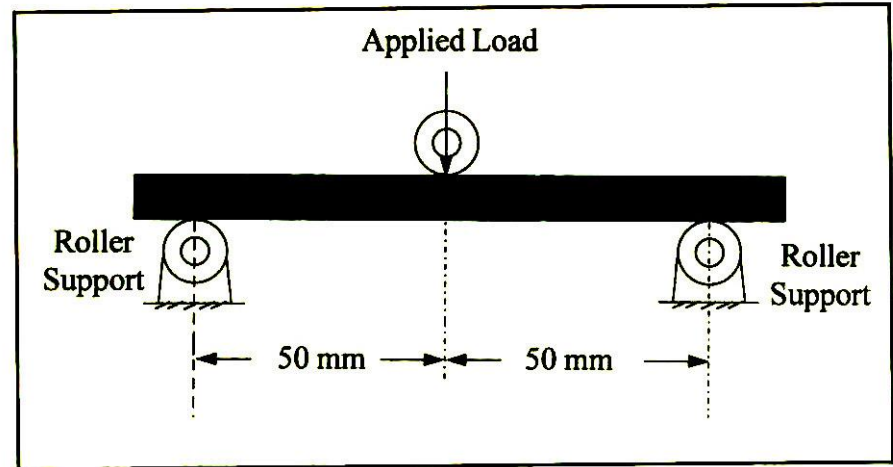
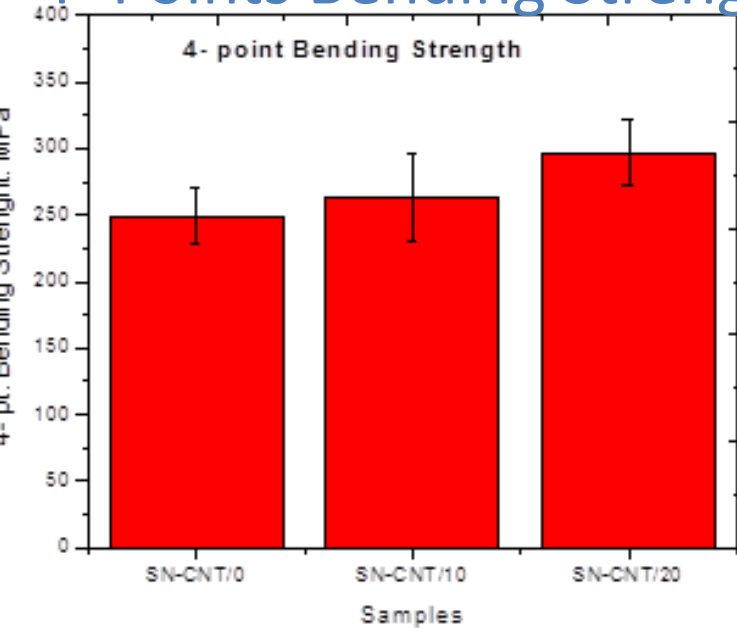
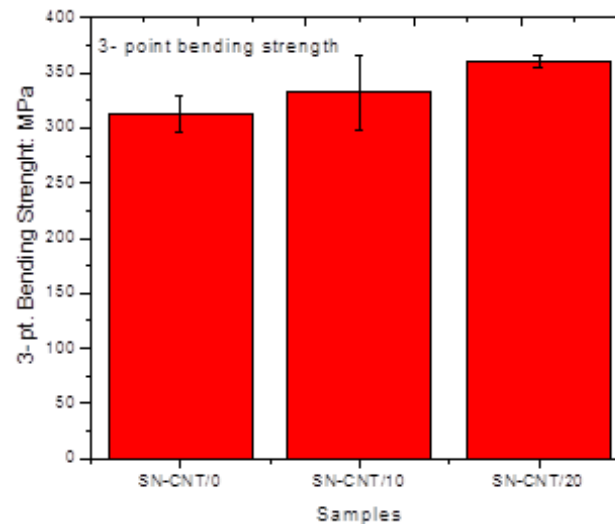


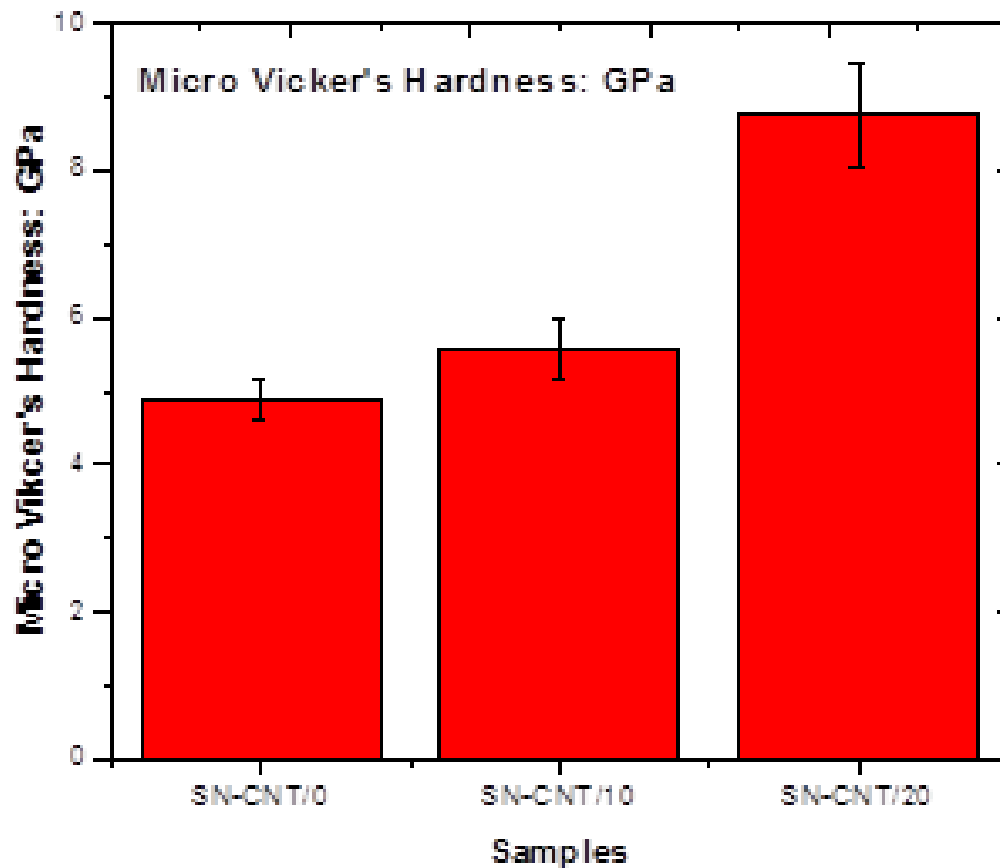
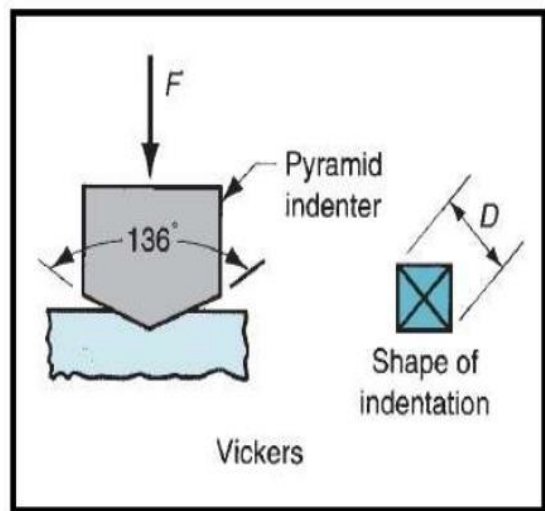
Fig 1: Schematic of three-point bending test.

## 3- Points Bending Strength



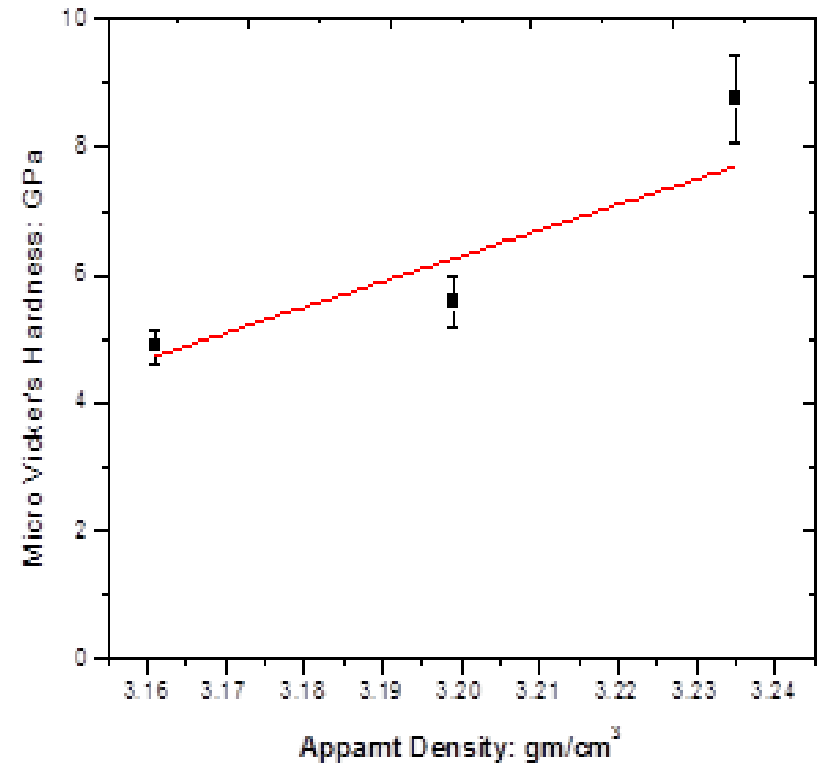
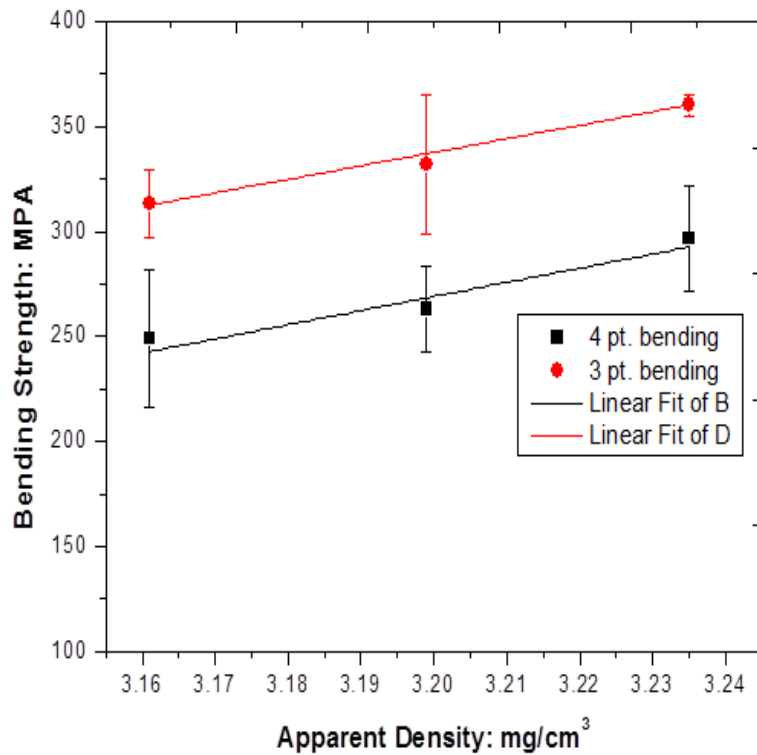
# Vicker's Hardness

## Vickers Hardness Test



# Mechanical Properties vs Density

	SN-CNT/0	SN-CNT/10	SN-CNT/20
Apparent Density (gm/cm <sup>3</sup> )	3.161	3.199	3.235
Relative Density (%)	97.71	98.88	100

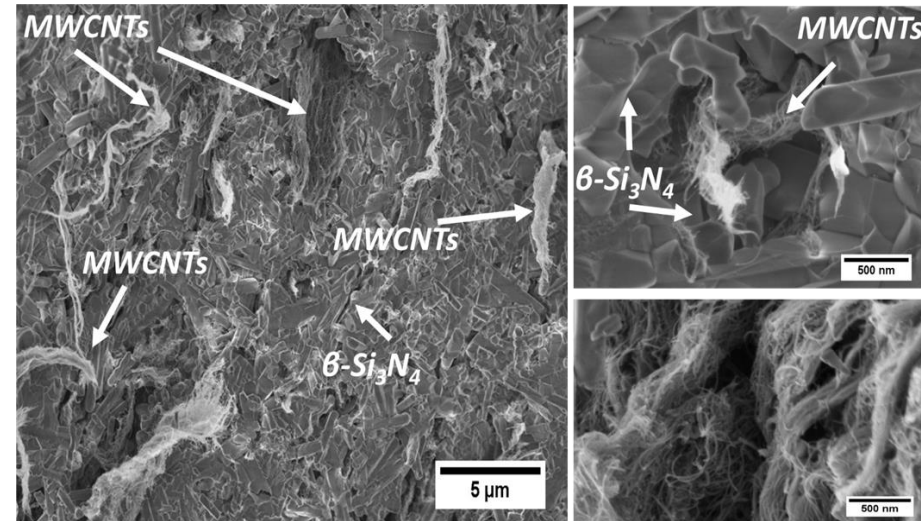
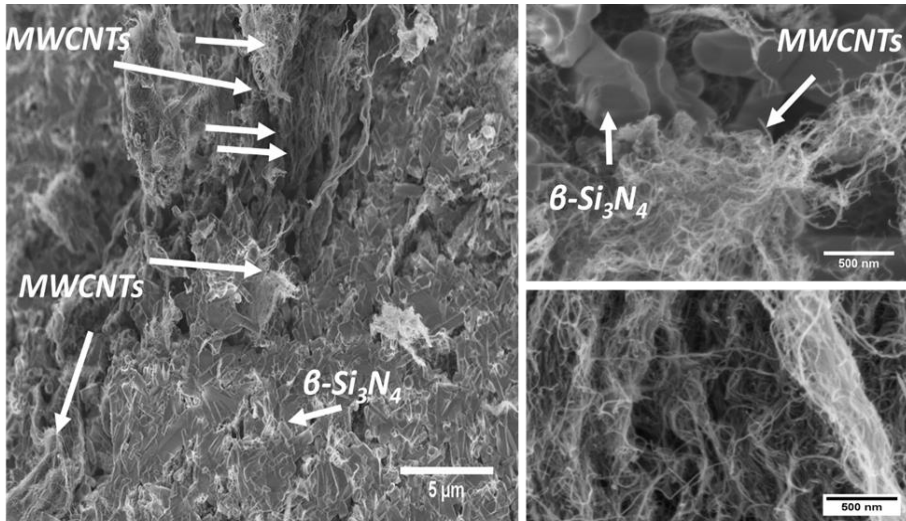




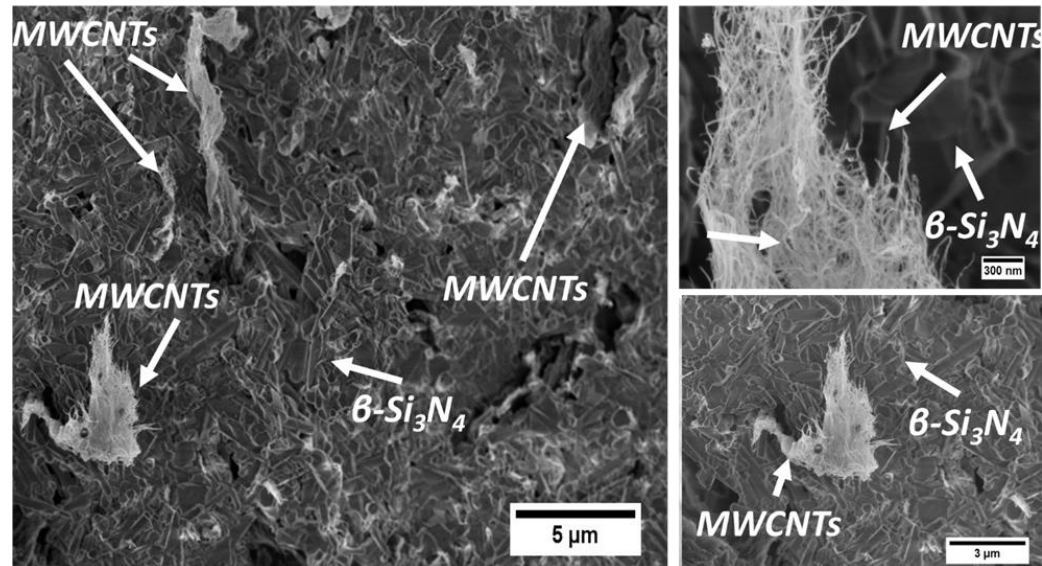
# Fractured Surfaces

Reference materials

10 hrs oxidized



20 hrs oxidized





# Conclusion

- The  $\alpha$  – Si<sub>3</sub>N<sub>4</sub> transformed to  $\beta$  – Si<sub>3</sub>N<sub>4</sub> completely at 1700 °C during sintering.
- The oxidation of starting powder caused the increase in apparent density of sintered samples which was beneficial for the mechanical properties of the composite.
- The CNTs were found in clusters form between the intergranular spaces of  $\beta$ - Si<sub>3</sub>N<sub>4</sub> matrix.
- Neither the Si<sub>2</sub>N<sub>2</sub>O was found and nor the structural change before and after the sintering.
- The strength and hardness of the material was the function of apparent density.
- Higher apparent density and higher the hardness and flexural strength was observed.

# Future Plans

- Preparation of 3<sup>rd</sup> article for the Journal with Impact Factor on Si<sub>3</sub>N<sub>4</sub> with the addition of Graphene and CNTs.
- Study the mechanism of formation of CO<sub>2</sub> and CO during the sintering process.
- Exams and Complex Exams

# Future Plans for Conferences

- Junior EURO-MAT 2018 (Abstract Accepted).

**FEMS Junior EUROMAT 2018**

The Main Event for Young Materials Scientists

July 8-12, 2018 / Budapest, Hungary

# Acknowledgement

- Dr. Zsolt Fogarassy for TEM & HRTEM and Dr. Zsolt E. Horvath for XRD.
- Thanks to supervisors for their support.
- Special Thanks to the Technical Staff Viktor Varga, Sandor Gurban; for their support.

**Thank you for your attention**