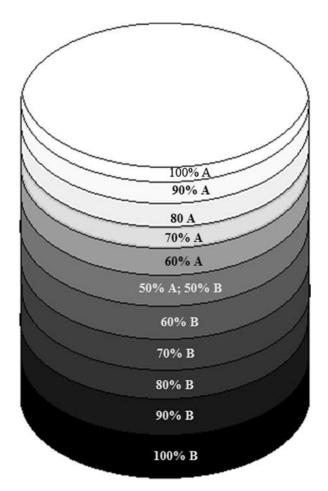
## 3D Printing of Functionally Graded Materials (FGM) for Biomedical Applications

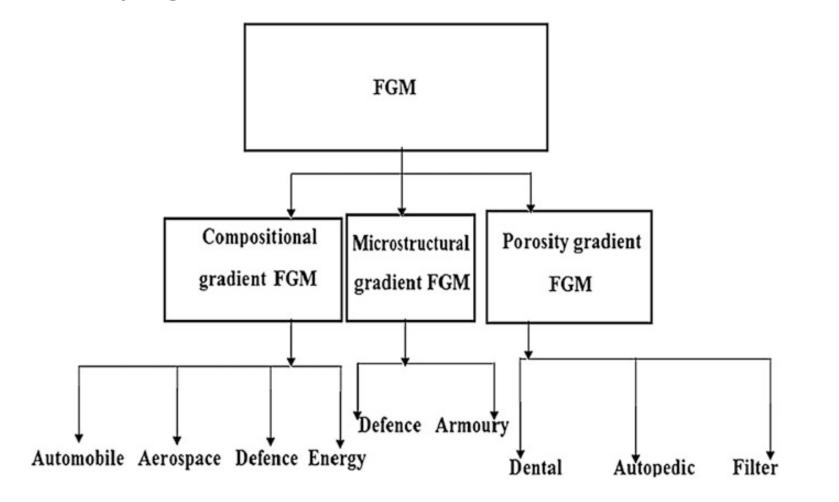


Hassanen Jaber and Tunde Kovacs

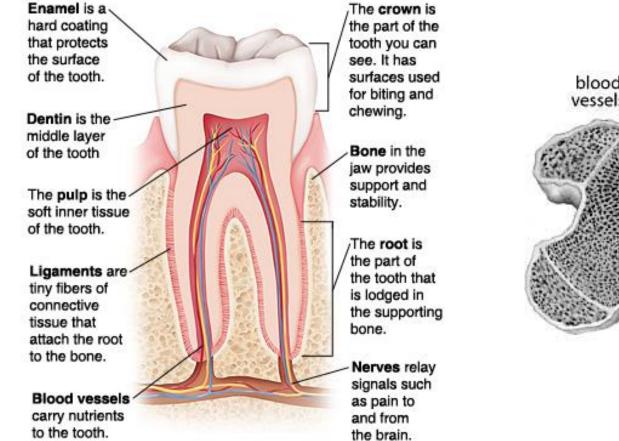
# Introduction to Functionally Graded Materials (FGM)

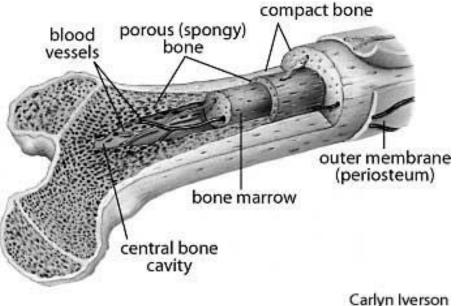


# Areas of applications for the three types of functionally graded materials

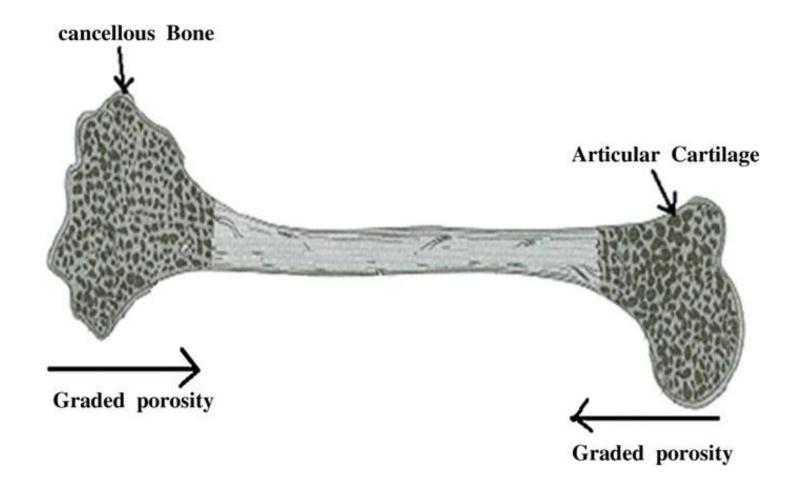


#### Functionally Graded Materials in Nature



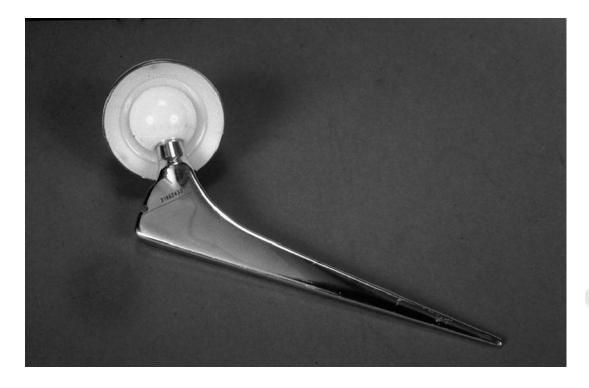


### Functionally Graded Materials in Nature

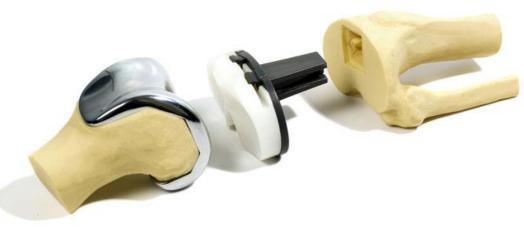


## Applications

#### Artificial hip made of titanium



#### A total knee replacement joint

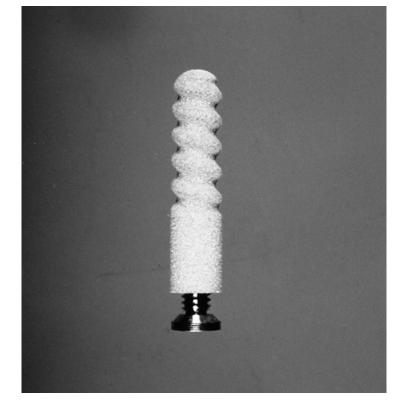


## Applications

#### **Shoulder joint prosthesis**



## Hydroxyapatite-coated titanium root implant



### Composition of orthopedic implant alloys

Element	Cobalt-based alloys			Stainless steel		Titanium alloys	
	ASTM F75 cast	ASTM F90 wrought	ASTM F563 isostatically pressed	ASTM F138/A	ASTM F138/9B	Commercial purity titanium	Ti–6Al–4V
Со	Balance	Balance	Balance	_	_	_	_
Cr	27-30	12-19	18-22	17-20	17-20	_	_
Fe	0.75 max	3.0 max	4–6	Balance	Balance	0.3-0.5	0.25 max
Мо	5–7	_	3–4	2–4	2–4	_	_
Ni	2.5 max	9–11	15-25	10-14	10-14	_	_
Ti	_	_	0.5-3.5	_	_	Balance	Balance
Al	_	_	_	_	_	_	5.5-6.5
V	_	_	_	_	_	_	3.5-4.5
С	0.35 max	0.05-0.15	0.05 max	0.03 max	0.08 max	0.01 max	0.08 max
Mn	1.0 max	2.0 max	1.0 max	2.0 max	2.0 max	_	_
Р	_	_	_	0.03 max	0.025 max	_	_
S	_	_	0.01 max	0.03 max	0.01 max	_	_
Si	1.0 max	1.0 max	0.5 max	0.75 max	0.75 max	_	_
0	_	_	_	_	_	0.18-0.40	0.13 max
Н	_	_	_	_	_	0.01-0.015	0.012 max
N	_	_	-	_	-	0.03-0.05	0.05 max

 Table 12.1
 Composition of orthopedic implant alloys (wt%); from Bonfield, 1997.

#### The most important issues for metallic implant materials

- Osteolysis and aseptic loosening
- Lack of bioactivity
- Metallic ion releasing
- Mismatch of the Young's modulus between bone (10–30 GPa) and metallic implant materials (110 GPa for Ti and 248 GPa for CoCrMo alloy)

# The mechanical properties of some natural and biomaterials

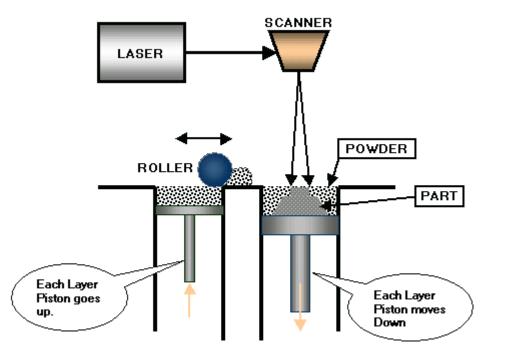
Material	Elastic modulus (GN m <sup>-2</sup> )	Tensile strength (MN m <sup>-2</sup> )	Elongation (%)	Fracture toughness (MN m <sup>-3/2</sup> )	Fatigue strength (MN m <sup>-2</sup> )
Austenitic stainless steel	200	200-1100	40	100	200–250
Cobalt-Chromium	230	450-1000	10-30	100	600
Ti-6Al-4V	105-110	750-1050	12	80	350-650
Alumina	365	_	<1	_	400
Hydroxyapatite	85	40-100	_	_	
Glass fiber	70	2000	2	1-4	
PMMA	2.8	55	8	_	20-30
Bone cement	2.3-3	1.5	1-2	400	
Polyethylene	1	20-30		1–4	16
Nylon 66	4.4	700	25		
Silicone rubber	$6 \times 10^{-3}$	1.4			
Polycarbonate	2	60			
Bone (cortical)	7–25	50-150	_	2-12	
Bone (cancellous)	0.1 - 1.0	50-150		2-12	
Tooth enamel	13	240	_	_	
Tooth dentine	_	135		_	
Collagen, tendon, wet	2	100	10	_	

 Table 12.2
 The mechanical properties of some natural and biomaterials.

# Physiochemical, mechanical and biological properties of HAp

PropertiesExperimental dataChemical composition $Ca_{10}(PO_4)_6(OH)_2$ Ca/P molar ratio1.67Crystal systemHexagonalYoung's modulus (GPa)80 - 110Elastic modulus (GPa)114Compressive strength (MPa)400 - 900Bending strength (MPa)115 - 200Density (g/cm <sup>3</sup> )3.16Relative density (%)95 - 99.5Fracture toughness (MPa. Mm <sup>1/2</sup> )0.7 - 1.2Hardness (HV)600Decomposition Temp. (°C)>1000Melting point (°C)1614Thermal conductivity (W/cm. K)0.013BiocompatibilityHighBiodegradationLowCellular-compatibilityHighOsteoconductivityHigh		
Ca/P molar ratio1.67Crystal systemHexagonalYoung's modulus (GPa) $80 - 110$ Elastic modulus (GPa) $114$ Compressive strength (MPa) $400 - 900$ Bending strength (MPa) $115 - 200$ Density (g/cm <sup>3</sup> ) $3.16$ Relative density (%) $95 - 99.5$ Fracture toughness (MPa. Mm <sup>1/2</sup> ) $0.7 - 1.2$ Hardness (HV) $600$ Decomposition Temp. (°C)>1000Melting point (°C) $1614$ Thermal conductivity (W/cm. K) $0.013$ BiocompatibilityHighBiodegradationLowCellular-compatibilityHigh	Properties	Experimental data
Crystal systemHexagonalYoung's modulus (GPa) $80 - 110$ Elastic modulus (GPa) $114$ Compressive strength (MPa) $400 - 900$ Bending strength (MPa) $115 - 200$ Density (g/cm <sup>3</sup> ) $3.16$ Relative density (%) $95 - 99.5$ Fracture toughness (MPa. Mm <sup>1/2</sup> ) $0.7 - 1.2$ Hardness (HV) $600$ Decomposition Temp. (°C)>1000Melting point (°C) $1614$ Thermal conductivity (W/cm. K) $0.013$ BiocompatibilityHighBiodegradationLowCellular-compatibilityHigh	Chemical composition	Ca10(PO4)6(OH)2
Young's modulus (GPa) $80 - 110$ Elastic modulus (GPa) $114$ Compressive strength (MPa) $400 - 900$ Bending strength (MPa) $115 - 200$ Density (g/cm <sup>3</sup> ) $3.16$ Relative density (%) $95 - 99.5$ Fracture toughness (MPa. Mm <sup>1/2</sup> ) $0.7 - 1.2$ Hardness (HV) $600$ Decomposition Temp. (°C)>1000Melting point (°C) $1614$ Thermal conductivity (W/cm. K) $0.013$ BiocompatibilityHighBiodegradationLowCellular-compatibilityHigh	Ca/P molar ratio	1.67
Elastic modulus (GPa)114Compressive strength (MPa) $400 - 900$ Bending strength (MPa) $115 - 200$ Density (g/cm <sup>3</sup> ) $3.16$ Relative density (%) $95 - 99.5$ Fracture toughness (MPa. Mm <sup>1/2</sup> ) $0.7 - 1.2$ Hardness (HV) $600$ Decomposition Temp. (°C)>1000Melting point (°C)1614Thermal conductivity (W/cm. K) $0.013$ BiocompatibilityHighBiodegradationLowCellular-compatibilityHigh	Crystal system	Hexagonal
Compressive strength (MPa) $400 - 900$ Bending strength (MPa) $115 - 200$ Density (g/cm <sup>3</sup> ) $3.16$ Relative density (%) $95 - 99.5$ Fracture toughness (MPa. Mm <sup>1/2</sup> ) $0.7 - 1.2$ Hardness (HV) $600$ Decomposition Temp. (°C)>1000Melting point (°C)1614Thermal conductivity (W/cm. K) $0.013$ BiocompatibilityHighBiodegradationLowCellular-compatibilityHigh	Young's modulus (GPa)	80 - 110
Bending strength (MPa) $115 - 200$ Density (g/cm <sup>3</sup> ) $3.16$ Relative density (%) $95 - 99.5$ Fracture toughness (MPa. Mm <sup>1/2</sup> ) $0.7 - 1.2$ Hardness (HV) $600$ Decomposition Temp. (°C)>1000Melting point (°C)1614Thermal conductivity (W/cm. K) $0.013$ BiocompatibilityHighBiodegradationLowCellular-compatibilityHigh	Elastic modulus (GPa)	114
Density $(g/cm^3)$ 3.16Relative density (%)95 - 99.5Fracture toughness (MPa. Mm <sup>1/2</sup> )0.7 - 1.2Hardness (HV)600Decomposition Temp. (°C)>1000Melting point (°C)1614Thermal conductivity (W/cm. K)0.013BiocompatibilityHighBiodegradationLowCellular-compatibilityHigh	Compressive strength (MPa)	400 - 900
Relative density (%) $95 - 99.5$ Fracture toughness (MPa. Mm <sup>1/2</sup> ) $0.7 - 1.2$ Hardness (HV) $600$ Decomposition Temp. (°C)>1000Melting point (°C)1614Thermal conductivity (W/cm. K) $0.013$ BiocompatibilityHighBiodegradationLowCellular-compatibilityHigh	Bending strength (MPa)	115-200
Fracture toughness (MPa. $Mm^{1/2}$ ) $0.7 - 1.2$ Hardness (HV) $600$ Decomposition Temp. (°C)>1000Melting point (°C)1614Thermal conductivity (W/cm. K) $0.013$ BiocompatibilityHighBioactivityHighBiodegradationLowCellular-compatibilityHigh	Density (g/cm <sup>3</sup> )	3.16
Hardness (HV)600Decomposition Temp. (°C)>1000Melting point (°C)1614Thermal conductivity (W/cm. K)0.013BiocompatibilityHighBioactivityHighBiodegradationLowCellular-compatibilityHigh	Relative density (%)	95 - 99.5
Decomposition Temp. (°C)>1000Melting point (°C)1614Thermal conductivity (W/cm. K)0.013BiocompatibilityHighBioactivityHighBiodegradationLowCellular-compatibilityHigh	Fracture toughness (MPa. Mm <sup>1/2</sup> )	0.7-1.2
Melting point (°C)1614Thermal conductivity (W/cm. K)0.013BiocompatibilityHighBioactivityHighBiodegradationLowCellular-compatibilityHigh	Hardness (HV)	600
Thermal conductivity (W/cm. K)0.013BiocompatibilityHighBioactivityHighBiodegradationLowCellular-compatibilityHigh	Decomposition Temp. (°C)	>1000
BiocompatibilityHighBioactivityHighBiodegradationLowCellular-compatibilityHigh	Melting point (°C)	1614
BioactivityHighBiodegradationLowCellular-compatibilityHigh	Thermal conductivity (W/cm. K)	0.013
Biodegradation Low Cellular-compatibility High	Biocompatibility	High
Cellular-compatibility High	Bioactivity	High
	Biodegradation	Low
Osteoconductivity High	Cellular-compatibility	High
	Osteoconductivity	High

### Laser Sintering/melting System



#### Tasks

Selection and characterization of the base materials

**Production of metal-ceramic homogeneous composites** 

Metallurgical, Mechanical and wear characterization of metalceramic homogeneous composites

**Processing of functionally graded components** 

**Characterization of functionally graded components** 

**Production of the reduced scale final component** 

Papers and thesis writing.

### My Publications

#### **1-Preparation and Synthesis of Hydroxyapatite Bio-Ceramic From Hungarian Bio-Waste by Thermal Heat Treatment**



16 January, 2018

Dear Hassanen Jaber,

On behalf of the Organizing Committee, we are pleased to inform you that your abstract (Preparation and Synthesis of Hydroxyapatite Bio-Ceramic From Hungarian Bio-Waste by Thermal Heat Treatment) has been **accepted for oral presentation** at the FEMS Junior EUROMAT 2018 conference to be held between 08-12 July, 2018 in Budapest, Hungary.

#### 2-Similar and Dissimilar Resistance Spot Welds of DP600 and X8Cr17 steels sheets: Welding Current and Fracture Toughness

#### International Engineering Symposium at Bánki

27 November 2017 Efficiency, Safety and Security

OBUDA UNIVERSITY	
Donát Bánki Faculty of Mechanical	261
Donát Bánki Faculty of Mechanical and Safety Engineering	
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BK] Editor Decision	، 2:58 2018 م 19
(Ágota Drégelyi-Kiss) امن	

Hassanen jaber:

To: (Hassanen jaber

We have reached a decision regarding your submission to Bánki Közlemények (Bánki Reports), "Similar and Dissimilar Resistance Spot Welds of DP600 and X8Cr17 steels sheets: Welding Current and Fracture Toughness".

Our decision is to: Accept Submission

Ágota Drégelyi-Kiss dregelyi.agota@bgk.uni-obuda.hu

Bánki Közlemények (Bánki Reports)

#### 3-The Effect of Nano-Quenching Media on the Tensile Properties and Microstructure of Medium Carbon Steel

XI. ORSZÁGOS ANYAGTUDOMÁNYI KONFERENCIA 2017. október 15-17. Balatonkenese - Telekom hotel

Your article is uploaded and now "at Editor". They will let you know the review soon.

----- Továbbított üzenet -----Feladó: Hohol Róbert <hoholr@diamond-congress.hu> Címzett: juhos sandorne <juhos.sandorne@bgk.uni-obuda.hu> Elküldött üzenetek: Tue, 23 Jan 2018 10:00:47 +0100 (CET) Tárgy: OATK 2017 - Értesítés cikk státuszáról

Tisztelt Jaber Hassanen!

Örömmel értesítem, hogy "The Effect of Nano-Quenching Media on the Tensile Properties and Microstructure of Medium Carbon Steel" című cikke adatbázisunkba sikeresen fel lett töltve, státusza: \*szerkesztőnél\*.

Az online beadás lezárult, további módosításokra egyelőre nincs lehetőség. A bírálatok eredményéről a bírálati folyamatot követően fogjuk tájékoztatni, ebben a levélben küldjük majd el a bizottság javítási kéréseit is.

A szervezőbizottság nevében üdvözlettel:

Hohol Róbert szervező 4- Dissimilar spot welding of dual phase steel / low carbon
Steel: phase transformations and mechanical properties
2nd International Conference on Vehicle and Automotive Engineering, University of Miskolc, Hungary

[VAE2018] Editorial Decision on Abstract	نوفمبر، 2017 12:10 م 15
admin :au	
To: Mr Hassanen Jaber	
Cc: Hassanen Jaber	
Mr Hassanen Jaber:	
Congratulations, your abstract Dissimilar spot welding of dual phase steel low carbon Steel: phase transformations and mechanical properties has been accepted for presentation at 2nd International Conference on Vehicle and Automotive Engineering which is being held 2018-05-23 at Miskolc. You may now submit your paper for further review.	/
Thank you and looking forward to your participation in this event.	

altkota@uni-miskolc.hu

### **Outline of current and future work**

- 1- Additive manufacturing of functionally graded structures for biomedical applications.
- 2- Dissimilar Laser, frication stir spot and resistance spot welding of second generation and Third generation of advanced high strength steels AHSSs: phase transformations and mechanical properties.

	2017	2018		2019		2020	
		1 <sup>st</sup> Sem	2 <sup>st</sup> Sem	1 <sup>st</sup> Sem	2 <sup>st</sup> Sem	1 <sup>st</sup> Sem	2 <sup>st</sup> Sem
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